

ORIGINAL  
RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 55 PM '00  
EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED

January 14, 2000

MAR 06 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

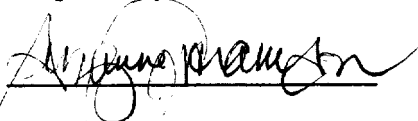
I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,



SUZANNE ABRAMSON

402 W. BIRCH

FLAGSTAFF AZ 86001

NO PHONE

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

0+1

ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 55 PM '00

RECEIVED

January 14, 2000

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

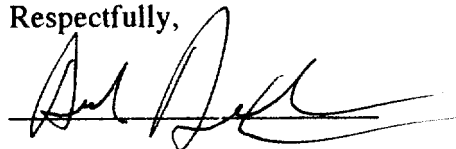
I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,



BRAD DAVIDSON

810 W. BIRCH

FLAGSTAFF, AZ 86001

(520) 774-8751

No. of Copies rec'd 0+1  
List ABCDE

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED

RECEIVED MAR - 6 2000

January 14 2000  
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

JAN 18 3 55 PM '00 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

ORIGINAL

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

Anne M Krall  
Anne M Krall  
2008 1/2 N. 2<sup>nd</sup> Str.  
Flagstaff AZ 86004  
(520) 213-9130

No. of Copies rec'd 0+1  
 List ABCDE

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED MAR - 6 2000

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
JAN 18 2000

ORIGINAL

Dear Chairman Kennard,

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?


I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Christina Nordin  
1255 Cox. Av.  
Flag, AZ. 86001  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

No. of Copies rec'd 011  
List ABCDE  
\_\_\_\_\_

ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

RECEIVED  
January 14, 2000

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power <sup>OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN</sup> LPFM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?


I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

  
MICHELLE DEGARDIERS  
810 W. Birch  
Flagstaff, AZ 86001  
(520) 774-8751

No. of Copies rec'd 071  
List ABCDE

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED  
**ORIGINAL**

**RECEIVED**

**RECEIVED**

January 14, 2000

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

*Mully Segelin*  
Mully Segelin  
2516 N West St #12  
Flagstaff AZ 86004

No. of Copies rec'd 011  
List ABCDE

RECEIVED

ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?


I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Michael Lyndon  
404 E David  
Flagstaff, AZ 86001  
520-773-1341

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

041

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED ORIGINAL

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

RECEIVED

JANUARY 14, 2000  
MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

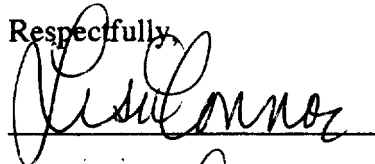
I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,



Lisa Connor

21 W. Silver Spruce

Flagstaff AZ 86001

(520) 774-4589

No. of Copies rec'd PH 1  
List ABCDE



RECEIVED

ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

January 14, 2000

RECEIVED

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

MAR - 6 2000

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,



Ann Hilton  
13N Bonito St.  
Flagstaff, AZ  
86001

No. of Copies rec'd 071  
List ABCDE

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

Dear Chairman Kennard,  
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

ORIGINAL EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED

January 14, 2000

MAR - 6 2000

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

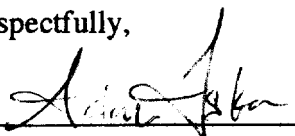
I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Adam Tsika  
\_\_\_\_\_  
540 Franklin St.  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Flagstaff AZ 86001  
\_\_\_\_\_

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

247

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

ORIGINAL

RECEIVED

January 14, 2000

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

*Kathleen Madeira*

PO. BOX 216

GRAND CANYON, AZ

(520) 638-2066

860 23

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

CH 1

RECEIVED  
JAN 18 3 54 PM '00  
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED  
RECEIVED

JAN 14 2000  
MAR 8 2000

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Dear Chairman Kennard,

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

Hope Green

Hope Green  
810 1/2 W. Grand Canyon  
Flagstaff, AZ 86001

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

CH

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

ORIGINAL

RECEIVED

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

*Lucy Nolen*  
 Lucy Nolen  
 P.O. Box 3802  
 Flagstaff, AZ  
 86003

No. of Copies rec'd *21*  
 List ABCDE

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

ORIGINAL EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED

January 14, 2000

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

Jim Medera

PO Box 214

Grand Canyon AZ 86023

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

011

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

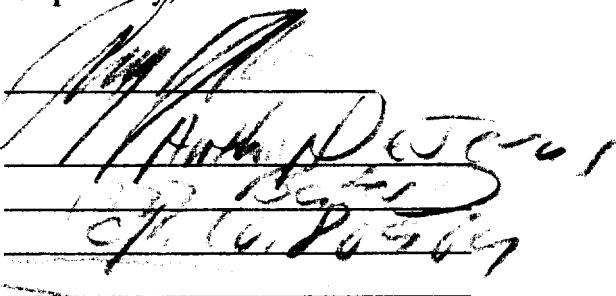
I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

  
Anthony D. Jones  
Executive Director  
Public Radio

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

CH1

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

ORIGINAL

RECEIVED  
January 14, 2000

MAR - 6 2000

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Dear Chairman Kennard,

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

*[Handwritten signature]*  
 Marco Lipson  
 1550 SW 8th Ave  
 Flagstaff, AZ 86001

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

RECEIVED  
JAN 18 3 54 PM '00No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

41



RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

January 14, 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

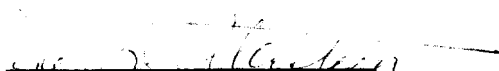
I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,



OLIVE L. OTTERSTEIN

5015 N. CENTRAL

FLAGSTAFF, AZ 86001

520-779-1482

No. of Copies rec'd 011  
List ABCDE

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

January

RECEIVED

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

Beth A. Otterstein

Beth A. Otterstein  
503 No. BERTRAND  
Flagstaff, Az. 86001  
520 779-1482

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

071

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

ORIGINAL

RECEIVED  
January 14, 2000

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,  
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMANFEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

Katherine MareckKATHERINE MARECK204 S. SpringFlagstaff, AZ 86001520-773-8996No. of Copies rec'd 081  
List ABCDE

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

ORIGINAL

RECEIVED  
January 17, 2000

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

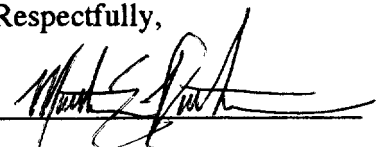
I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

  
 Matthew E Robinson  
 419 W Phoenix  
 Flagstaff, AZ

No. of Copies rec'd 011  
 List ABCDE

RECEIVED

ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

January 16, 2000

RECEIVED

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

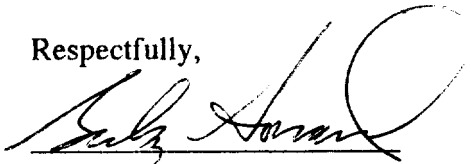
I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,



Becky Howard  
4333 S. Walt Ln  
Flagstaff, AZ 86001  
(520) 774-7153

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

21

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

ORIGINAL

January

RECEIVED

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

Jay R. McCormick  
Jay R. McCormick  
Rt 4 Box 1010  
Flagstaff AZ  
86001

No. of Copies rec'd 021  
List ABCDE

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED  
January 17, 2000

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

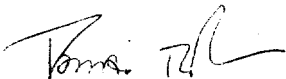
I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,



Thomas Robinson

PO Box 23522

FLAGSTAFF, AZ 86002

SAGEDESIGN@EARTHLINK.NET

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

071

ORIGINAL  
RECEIVED

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

January 14, 2000

RECEIVED

MAR - 6 2000

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

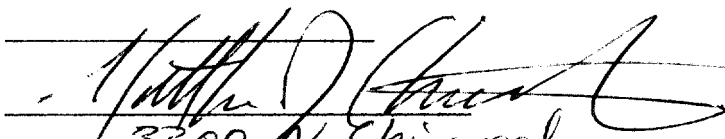
I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,

  
3300 N. Chirwood  
Flagstaff, AZ 86004  
520-774-8252

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

071



ORIGINAL

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

RECEIVED

JAN 18 3 54 PM '00

RECEIVED

January 14, 2000

MAR - 6 2000

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Dear Chairman Kennard,

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

I am a supporter of a low power FM (LPFM) radio service as outlined in the FCC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in Mass Media Docket 99-25, which calls for creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt commercial and non-commercial LPFM stations nation wide.

It has come to my attention that the FCC has placed this issue on the agenda of it's Jan. 20<sup>th</sup> meeting. I ask you to consider that providing only for stations with maximum power of 100 Watts is inadequate to address the need of the American people, and certainly inadequate to meet the needs of citizens in Flagstaff and other small communities in the West.

Contrary to NAB claims, their opposition has nothing to do with interference! Witness the years of second and third channel adjacency operations grandfathered in a few years ago, generating no interference complaints. How could LPFM stations operating within guidelines cause interference?

I would remind you that there has been an overwhelming number (thousands) of comments filed in these proceedings supporting the creation of 1000 Watt and 100 Watt stations as set forth in the FCC's NPRM. I am told this represents more comments than in any other FCC proceeding, and virtually all except those from the NAB, National Public Radio, and the Corporation for Public Broadcasters were in favor of the proposal.

The people have spoken, and to ignore this public mandate and cave in to political pressure from the NAB would be a disgrace. The Justice Department should investigate the use of such anti-competitive actions by the NAB. Remember, it is not the mandate of the FCC to prevent competition, but, to promote competition.

Chairman Kennard, it has also come to my attention that Rep. Oxley from Ohio has introduced legislation designed to remove proper authority from the FCC to even create this needed class of broadcasting. I urge you not to bow to this misguided political pressure. The legislation is sure to follow the same path toward oblivion as the Tauzin bill last year.

I would hope that the FCC will vote January 20 for LPFM in it's full form as proposed in the NPRM issued last January.

Respectfully,



Heather Songster

PO Box 23522 / 54 Ch of Tr.

Flagstaff AZ 86002

(520) 525-9221

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

CH1